Topeka Asset Management System

Bridge Management Program

Department of Public Works

Mar 15, 2021



Agenda

- Asset Management System Overview and Updates
- Bridge Management Program Updates



Definitions – Asset Management

Assets—are something with potential value to an organization and for which the organization has a responsibility (Municipality owned and contributed)

Asset system—group of assets that interact and/or are interrelated so as to deliver a required business function or service

Asset management—coordinated activities of an organization to realize value from assets

Asset management system—set of interrelated and interacting elements of an organization to establish policies, objectives and processes



Definitions – National Bridge Inspection Standards

Bridge - A structure including supports erected over a depression or an obstruction, such as water, highway, or railway, and having a track or passageway for carrying traffic or other moving loads, and having an opening measured along the center of the roadway of more than 20 feet (6.1 m) between under-copings of abutments or spring lines of arches, or extreme ends of openings for multiple boxes.

Culvert - A structure designed hydraulically to take advantage of submergence to increase hydraulic capacity. Culverts, as distinguished from bridges, are usually covered with embankment and are composed of structural material around the entire perimeter, although some are supported on spread footings with the streambed serving as the bottom of the culvert.

According to AASHTO the definition of bridges includes culverts with openings measuring **more than 20 feet (6.1m)** along the centerline of the road and also includes multiple pipes where the **distance between openings is less than or equal to half of the pipe opening**.



Definitions – National Bridge Inspection Standards

Condition Rating – are used to describe the existing, in-place bridge as compared to the as-built condition.

- Item 58: Deck
- Item 59: Superstructure
- Item 60: Substructure
- Item 61: Channel and Channel Protection Item 62: Culverts



0 (Failed) 1 (Imminent Failure)
3 (Serious) 4 (Poor)
6 (Satisfactory) 7 (Good)
9 (Excellent)

- 2 (Critical) 5 (Eair)
- 5 (Fair)
- 8 (Very good)



Asset Management System Overview and Updates







Infrastructure Planning Process (Abstract)





Infrastructure Planning Process (Detailed)





Bridge Management Program Updates



Bridge Inventory Management

Asset Category	Asset Type	Useful Life (Yrs)	Inventory/ Quantity	Unit	Unit Replacement Cost (\$000's)	Replacement Value (\$000's)
Bridge	Bridge (Culvert more than 20 ft)	80-100	52	Ea.	432,415	22,485,600
	Reinforced Concrete (RC) Decks/RC Superstructure	80-100	29	Ea.	1,016,666	29,483,300
	RC Decks/Painted Steel Superstructure	80-100	13	Ea.	6,180,177	80,342,300
	RC Decks/Weathering Steel Superstructure	80-100	7	Ea.	9,425,314	65,977,200
	Total:		101			198,288,400

In line with NBIS, FHWA and KDoT requirement:

- Urban Arterial Bridges = 64 (Designated urban routes approved by FHWA/KDoT)
- Off-System Bridges = 37



Bridge Inventory Map





Condition Map – Urban Arterial Bridges (64)





Condition Map – Off-System Bridges (37)





Bridge Condition Assessment





Bridge Condition Assessment – Condition Rating





Existing Approach

Bridge Capital Project Identification and Prioritization

• Reactive based on condition rating

No treatment

Maintenance

Minor Rehabilitation

Major Rehabilitation

Reconstruction



Moving Forward Approach – Project Identification & Prioritization

- Computerized Assetic based project identification and prioritization
- Service criteria Condition rating
- Treatment trigger criteria road class and bridge type
- Scenario analysis Constrained budget scenario
- Capital works program Treatment type, cost, and schedule
- Validate and visualize



Treatment Triggers – Decision Making – Urban Arterial Bridges

Urban Arterial Bridges - Collector and Arterial Streets							Stopo Tr		Transforment Otherstein				
۵۵۵۵	Asset [/] Strategy		В	Bridge Condition		ategy	U	ondition Rat	ing				
Strate			Threshold	Condition Rating	Sufficien Rating, S	cy SR	1	New	New		9		
			9	8.1-9	81-1	00	2		Degrades	to Score 1			1
Maintenance - Paintir	ng	4	8	7.1-8	3 71-	·80	3	Maintena	ance - Painti	ng	8		
Deck Patching		1	7	6.1-7	7 61·	70	5		Degrades to Score 2				6
Deels Mill and Overlay		0	6	5.1-6	5 51·	·60	6	Deck Pa	tching		7		
Deck Will and Overlay	/	2	5	4.1-5	5 41-	·50	7		Degrades to Score 3				4
Deck Replacement		3	4	3.1-4	4 31·	40	8	Deck Mil	I and Overla	ıy	8		
Superstructure Repla	cement	4	0	0.4.4		20	9		Degrades	to Score 3			4
Replace Bridge	Replace Bridge		3	2.1-3	21·	30	10	Deck Replacement		8			
			2	1.1-2	2 11-	20	11		Degrades to Score 3		4		
6 0 0-1				I 0-	10	12	Superstr	ucture Repla	acement	8			
	13 Degrades to Score 3										4		
							14	Replace	Bridge		9		
Condition Rating vs. Treatments													
0 New	Degrades to Score 1	Maintenance - Painting 3	Degrades to Score 2	Deck [Patching 6	Degrades to Score 3 7	Dec and C	k Mill Overlay	Degrades to Score 3 9	Deck Replacemen t	Degrades to Score 3	Superstructu re Replacemen t 12	Degrades to Score 3	Replace Bridge 14
Condition Rating 9	7	8	6	7	4		8	4	8	4	8	4	9
				Treatment	ts Over Asse	t Life	cyle						



Treatment Triggers – Decision Making – Off System Bridges

Off-Syste	em Bridges - L	_ocal Streets	0	T	Condition Rating		
A 4	Assetic	Bridge Condition					Steps
Strategy	Scale 0-6	Threshold	Condition Rating	Sufficiency Rating, SR	1	New	9
	0	9	8.1-9	81-100	2	Degrades to Score 1	-
Maintenance - Painting	4	8	7.1-8	71-80	3	Maintenance - Painting	8
Deck Patching	1	7	6.1-7	61-70	61-70 5 Degrades to Score 2		(
	0	6	5.1-6	51-60	6	Deck Patching	7
Deck Mill and Overlay	2	5	4.1-5	41-50	7	Degrades to Score 3	4
Deck Replacement	3	4	3.1-4	31-40	8	Deck Mill and Overlay	8
Superstructure Replacement			2.1-3	21-30	9	Degrades to Score 4	:
Replace Bridge	4	3			10	Deck Replacement	8
	5	2	1.1-2	11-20	11	Degrades to Score 4	3
	6	0	0-1	0-10	12	Superstructure Replacement	8
					13	Degrades to Score 4	:
					14	Replace Bridge	9





Treatment Triggers – Decision Making – Culverts

	Ctopp	The stars and Otasta and		Condition					
Assat		Assetic	tic Bridge Condition			Steps	Treatment Strategy		Rating
Strategy	Scale 0-6	Threshold	Condition Rating	Sufficiency Rating, SR	1	New		9	
Monitor and Clean	0	9	8.1-9	81-100	2		Degrades to Score	e 2	
Monitor and Clean		1	8	7.1-8	61-80	3	Minor Re	pairs	8
Minor Repairs	2	6	4.1-6	41-60	4		Degrades to Scor	e 3 -	
Major Repairs	3	4	3.1-4	31-40	5	Major Re	pairs	6	
	4	3	2.1-3	21-30	6		Degrades to Score	4	
Reconstruct / Replace	5	2	1.1-2	11-20	7	Reconstru	uct / Replace Culvert	9	
on Rating - 5 - 6 - 6 - 6	3	6	Condition	Rating vs.	Treatments		6		•
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	New 1 9	Degrades 2 2 6	to Score Mi	nor Repairs 3 8	Degrades to Sco 3 4 4	pre Maj	or Repairs 5 6	Degrades to Score 4 6 3	Reconstruct / Replace Culvert 7 9
			Tre	atments Over	Asset Lifecyle				



THANKS









Definitions – National Bridge Inspection Standards

Bridge Sufficiency Rating, BSR—represents a percentage value that is indicative of the bridge sufficiency to remain in service. The BSR is based on four factors, S1 (Structural Adequacy and Safety), S2 (Serviceability and Functional Obsolescence), S3 (Essentiality for Public Use), and S4 Special Reduction.

BSR = S1(54% Max) + S2 (30% Max) + S3 (15% Max) - S4 (13% Max)

S4 = N/A if S1+S2+S3 < 50

BSR = 100% (Entirely Sufficient Bridge) and 0% (Entirely Deficient Bridge)



Bridge Condition Assessment – Sufficiency Rating









Moving Forward Approach – Project Identification & Prioritization

Asset Management Strategies												
Asset Condition Rating		Asset Lifecycle	Asset Category - Bridge									
	Stratagion	(Remaining Useful	Asset Type									
	Strategies	Rating/Condiition Rating	Bridge Culvert Reinforced Concrete (RC) (More than 20 ft) Decks/RC Superstructure		RC Decks/Weathering Steel Superstructure	RC Decks/Painted Steel Superstructure						
Very Good	Preventative Maintenance	81-100/ (9)	Monitor and clean	Monitor and allow wearing surface to become ≥ 7.5% delaminated. Monitor approach and departure pavements.	Monitor and allow wearing surface to become ≥ 7.5% delaminated. Monitor approach and departure pavements.	Monitor and allow wearing surface to become ≥ 7.5% delaminated. Monitor approach and departure pavements.						
Good	Preventative Maintenance	61-80/ (7-8)	Clean or Patch or line concrete barrel floor(s)	Patch delaminated wearing surface ≥ 7.5% and other pavement distresses	Patch delaminated wearing surface ≥ 7.5% and other pavement distresses	Patch delaminated wearing surface ≥ 7.5% and other pavement distresses						
Fair	Minor Rehabilitation	40-60/ (5-6)	Clean or Patch or line concrete barrel floor(s), barrel walls, and deck soffit(s).	Patch and overlay wearing surface and rip-rap channel	Patch and overlay wearing surface and rip-rap channel	Patch and overlay wearing surface and rip-rap channel						
Poor	Major Rehabilitation	21-40/ (3-4)	Inject 4mm to 20mm cracks with epoxy. Patch delaminations in floor level, walls, & deck soffit. True up wings.	Replace superstructure Repair and rip-rap channel Replace pavement and/or substructure elements.	Replace superstructure Repair and rip-rap channel Replace pavement and/or substructure elements.	Replace superstructure Repair and rip-rap channel Replace pavement and/or substructure elements.						
Very Poor	Reconstruction	0-20/ (0-2)	Reconstruct (in-kind or change structure type)	Reconstruct (in-kind or change structure type)	Reconstruct (in-kind or change structure type)	Reconstruct (in-kind or change structure type)						



Federal and State Funding

Federal Funding - Federal Fund Exchange Program:

• All transportation projects including bridge maintenance, rehabilitation, and reconstruction

The Sufficiency Rating is considered by the federal government when a state requests federal bridge dollars to improve the condition of the bridge. Bridges with low sufficiency ratings are eligible for more funds.

Sufficiency Rating Funding Eligibility

80 - 10050 - 790 - 49

City of Topeka

Not available Eligible for costs to rehabilitate bridge Eligible for costs to rehabilitate bridge

Federal and State Funding

State Funding - Kansas Local Bridge Improvement Program Eligibility:

Structurally deficient as per latest inspection (NBI compliant)

- Functionally obsolete NBI appraisal rating of 3 or less for items: structural condition, deck geometry, under-clearance, waterway adequacy, and approach road alignment
- Load rating require to post a weight limit less than legal loads
- Immediate rehabilitation is required to keep the bridge open
- Closed due to structural inadequacy



Federal and State Funding

Program Focus:

- Bridges between 20-50 ft in length
- Traffic counts 100 VPD or less
- Low cost design option

Funding:

- Up to \$150K for rehabilitation or replacement of eligible bridge
- 90% State funds and 10 % local funds

